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DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATION BILL, 1952

SEPTEMBER 7 (legislative day, SEPTEMBER 4), 1951.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. O'MAHONEY, from the Committee on Appropriations, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. R. 5054]

The Committee on Appropriations, to whom was referred the bill (H. R. 5054) making appropriations for the National Security Council, the National Security Resources Board, and for military functions administered by the Department of Defense for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1952, and for other purposes, report the same to the Senate with various amendments and present herewith information relative to the changes made.

The bill as passed by the House carried a total of $56,034,717,200 for the National Security Council, the National Security Resources Board, the Office of the Secretary of Defense, the Department of the Army, the Department of the Navy, and the Department of the Air Force. No distinction was made between funds to be expended for necessary procurement during fiscal year 1952 and funds which, because of the long lead time required for the manufacture of numerous military commodities required by the three armed services, cannot possibly be expended until fiscal year 1953 or thereafter. It was deemed desirable, in order to make clear that the total sum appropriated will not flow into the stream of purchasing power during fiscal year 1952, to make a clear distinction in the bill between these two categories of expenditure. It will thus be made plain that the revenues of the Government for a single year will not be necessary to meet the expenditures authorized by this appropriation bill.

Including an additional appropriation of $4,500,000,000 for the expansion of air power, the total amount carried in this bill as recommended by the committee for expenditure in 1953 and thereafter is $23,148,621,000. The total expenditure for fiscal year 1952 including

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an additional $500,000,000 for the expansion of air power and including military procurement funds which will be available during 1952 and thereafter amounts to $37,955,235,030. The amount of the bill as reported to the Senate, therefore, includes:

Funds to be expended in fiscal year 1952 and thereafter	$37, 955, 235, 030
Funds to be expended in fiscal year 1953 and thereafter	23, 148, 621, 000
Total amount of bill as reported to the Senate for fiscal years 1952 and 1953 and thereafter	61, 103, 856, 030
Amount of increase by Senate (net)	5, 069, 138, 830
Amount of bill as passed the House	56, 034, 717, 200
Total estimates considered by the Senate including the amount contained in H. Doc. 120 and $102,300,000 of the amount contained in H. Doc. 185	57, 679, 625, 700
Amount of appropriations, 1951	48, 205, 247, 443
The bill as reported to the Senate:	
Exceeds the appropriations for 1951	12, 898, 608, 587
Exceeds the estimates for 1952	3, 424, 230, 330

EXPENDITURES IN 1952

The great value of dividing the total cash appropriation carried in this bill into the two categories for expenditure in fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and fiscal year 1953 and thereafter, is illustrated by the fact that, by reason of the appropriations made in prior years to make certain that funds were on hand to enable the Department to order long-lead items which sometimes take from 12 to 36 months to build and which are not paid for until delivered, there has been a substantial carry-over of funds from year to year. The latest figures available to the committee show that there is now available for expenditure in the Department of Defense, $36,004,000,000 heretofore appropriated. This is divided among the three services as follows:

Army	$13, 272, 000, 000
Navy	7, 319, 000, 000
Air Force	15, 413, 000, 000

The latest estimate of actual cash expenditures during fiscal year 1952 is $39,284,000,000 which, in turn, is divided among the three services as follows:

Army	$14, 959, 000, 000
Navy	11, 550, 000, 000
Air Force	12, 775, 000, 000

It cannot be overemphasized that expenditures necessarily lag behind appropriations.

NATIONAL EMERGENCY FUND

It was apparent to the committee that additional air power and supporting forces are required better to prepare the defense of the United States against sudden attack or other emergencies threatening the national security. The committee was unanimous in its belief that no time should be lost in the expansion of air power, but although there is an agreement within the Department of Defense and among the Joint Chiefs of Staff that additional air power and supporting forces are required, the details as to the size and composition of the additional forces have not yet been completed. For this reason there was not available to the committee specific amounts of additional funds required by appropriation. It was decided, therefore, to provide the National Emergency Fund of $5,000,000,000 to be utilized by the Secretary of Defense after consultation with the Joint Chiefs of Staff and with the approval of the President, under the restriction, however, that before the funds may be allocated for use, a report must be made to the Appropriations Committees and the Armed Services Committees of the House and Senate 10 days prior to the actual transfer.

It is the opinion of the committee that the Department of Defense should expedite the preparation for plans as to size and composition of the additional forces and that these forces to be expanded, include the United States Air Force and the Navy, including the Marines. The committee further recommends that the Armed Services Committees of Congress undertake, at the earliest possible moment, the necessary studies of the kind and character of expansion desirable so that there may be complete cooperation among the services and between the Department of Defense and the Congress.

The purpose of the committee is to make sufficient funds available to permit an immediate start toward acquiring necessary additional air power. The fund here provided is for transfer principally to the following appropriations for the Department of the Air Force, "Aircraft and related procurement," "Major procurement other than aircraft," "Maintenance and operation," "Acquisition and construction of real property"; for the Department of the Navy, "Construction of aircraft and related procurement," "Aircraft and facilities," "Marine Corps troops and facilities," and "Public works." It is not planned to use any of these funds for the expansion of Army aviation, but the committee recognizes that it may be necessary to use the facilities of the Finance Service and the Ordnance Service of the Army and for this purpose not to exceed 5 percent of the aggregate amount authorized in this National Emergency Fund may be utilized for transfer to these services.

FORMULATION, MAINTENANCE, AND SUPPORT OF NOT LESS THAN 95 WINGS

In providing the National Emergency Fund, it is the hope of the committee that there may be no misunderstanding that the funds carried in this bill for the expansion of air power are intended to form, maintain, and support an Air Force of not less than 95 wings as well

as to expand naval aviation. The Department of the Air Force defines a wing and a group as follows:

A wing is a unit composed normally of one primary mission group and the necessary supporting groups such as the air base group, the maintenance and supply group, and the hospital group. Wing headquarters is the directing head for the four groups. It acts as a planning and policy organization with the operating functions decentralized to group and squadron level.

A group is an administrative or tactical unit composed of two or more squadrons. In other words, it may be a group which has airplanes in it, or it may be any of the other support groups named above. It has a headquarters which performs command and staff supervision over the squadrons assigned it. Squadrons consist of two or more flights with a varying number of airplanes depending on the type of squadron. For instance, fighter squadrons may have about 25 airplanes while a heavy bombardment squadron may have from 6 to 10 planes.

RETIRED PAY

The committee deleted an amendment which was added on the House floor providing that no part of the appropriation for retired pay be used for this purpose in payment of any member of the Regular Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Air Force who is retired after the date of enactment of this act unless he is unfit to perform the duties of his office by reason of physical disability incurred in line of duty or unless he has achieved the age at which retirement is required by law.

Witnesses before the Senate committee pointed out, among other things, that the proviso does not remove the existing legal requirements that certain officers, under specific requirements, be retired but that it merely denies them retirement pay. Furthermore, it was pointed out that there is no retirement age prescribed by law in regard to enlisted personnel. Under the proviso enlisted personnel, no matter how old or how long they served, could not be retired and paid retirement pay except for physical disability.

PUBLIC INFORMATION ACTIVITIES

The Department of Defense has requested $15,622,903 for public information activities during fiscal 1952 by the Army, Navy, and Air Force, including civilian and military personnel employed in these activities in both departmental and field activities. The committee believes this amount to be excessive and has inserted language in the bill reducing the total amount which may be utilized for such purposes to $10,950,000 to be equally divided among the three services after necessary amounts for the Office of the Secretary of Defense are deducted. The committee further directs the Department of Defense to assign such military personnel as can no longer be employed under this directive to military duties.

CEILING ON CIVILIAN EMPLOYEES

In order to prevent the unnecessary expansion of the employment of civilian employees in the Department of Defense, although the committee notes with approval the action already taken by the Department of Defense to restrict the expansion of civilian employment, it was deemed desirable to insert an amendment to provide a ceiling on graded civilian employment. The House made a general cut of 80,000 employees of which 29,600 were graded. The Department of Defense requested the restoration of 20,000 positions of

which 7,400 were in the category of graded civilian workers. The bill as passed by the House provided for 516,000 graded civilian employees and, with the addition of 7,400 as requested by the Department of Defense, the number carried in this bill is 523,400. In view of the fact, however, that the committee has recommended the expansion of air power and additional civilian employment may thereby be required, it was deemed that the ceiling could properly be fixed at 530,000.

It is to be noted that the committee has not fixed any ceiling on the ungraded or so-called blue-collar workers for the reason that it is not possible at this time to estimate how many additional workers in arsenals and navy yards and elsewhere may be required by reason of the expansion of military forces.

Attention is called to the fact that, as testified by Under Secretary Robert A. Lovett at the opening session of the committee hearings, the original requests of the various military forces for appropriations totaled $104,000,000,000 and the Office of the Secretary of Defense, by rigid scrutiny of these requests, reduced the total budget to $62,105,000,000 including $4,500,000,000 for public works for which no specific appropriations were contained in the bill as it passed the House.

POSITIONS IN GRADES GS-17 AND GS-18

The hearings amply demonstrated the earnestness and industry with which the Department of Defense has been organizing the military program. The evidence demonstrated not only the magnitude but the complexity of the task with which the Secretary of Defense and his aids are confronted. Therefore, it has recommended that the request of the Department of Defense for authority to fill 15 temporary positions in grades GS-17 and GS-18 of the general schedule of the Classification Act of 1949 for essential managerial functions should be granted. For this reason, section 630 was inserted in the bill.

CHAUFFEURS

The committee has noted with disapproval the constantly increasing number of full-time and part-time chauffeurs employed by the Department of Defense. During the fiscal year 1951 there were employed in the United States 3,875 full-time and 3,726 part-time civilian and military personnel who acted as chauffeurs of passenger-carrying vehicles, exclusive of busses, carry-alls, and administrative jeeps. For 1952 it is estimated by the Department that 4,930 full-time and 4,227 part-time military and civilian personnel would be so employed.

With this in mind, the committee directs that the number of full-time and part-time military or civilian personnel employed as, or acting as, chauffeurs of passenger-carrying vehicles, exclusive of drivers of ambulances, busses, carry-alls, administrative jeeps, and combat vehicles shall not exceed the number so employed in the fiscal year 1951.

The committee further suggests that the Armed Services Committees of the Senate and the House of Representatives investigate the need for the number of chauffeurs now employed by the Department of Defense with a view to offering substantive legislation if deemed advisable by the committees.

PURCHASE OF MEAT BY THE DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

For several years the Congress has included a provision in the military appropriation bill which prohibits the purchase overseas of food and clothing for the armed services when such items of food and clothing are available in the United States. This provision has been included by the House and is recommended by the committee. The provision does not specifically name the items of food and clothing which are intended to be covered; however it has always been the intention of the Congress that the restriction specifically include the purchase of meat for consumptive use by the armed services. Under a recent decision by the Comptroller General, the Army has been required to purchase domestically, so long as it is available in sufficient quantity and quality at United States market prices, the meat which is resold in overseas commissary stores, excluding the Territories of Hawaii and Alaska. This in turn has caused meat prices in overseas commissary stores to be higher than meat prices in local commercial establishments and has caused military dependents, otherwise patronizing overseas commissary stores, to purchase meat from local sources not subject to Army inspection. The committee is of the opinion that the provision was never intended to apply to meat purchased for resale at overseas commissaries and therefore directs that the provision be interpreted so as to allow for such purchases. During the course of the hearings on this proposal, representatives of the meat packers and the cattle growers testified in favor of allowing the Army to purchase meat offshore to meet these overseas resale requirements.

WORKING CAPITAL FUND

The committee deleted the proviso in the bill stating that none of the funds appropriated in this or any other act, and none of the property procured therewith shall be available for transfer to any working capital fund under the provisions of section 405 (d) of the National Security Act, as amended. This action was strongly urged by the Acting Secretary of Defense and by the representatives of the Departments of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. The Comptroller General of the United States, after citing the advantages derived from working capital funds, stated as follows:

> The enactment of the House proviso would greatly retard progress under the program which has been going forward. While I am not advised of the information on which the House based its action, other than as indicated in House Report 790, pages 15, 16, 44, the proviso appears to be sweeping with respect to the establishment of all forms of working-capital funds without specific congressional approval. It would thus negate the provisions of the National Security Act amendments which were considered to be necessary for a temporary period to provide for an orderly transition to the new methods of financial budgeting and accounting contemplated by that act.
>
> In veiw of the intrinsic merit of the working-capital-fund concept, its demonstrated advantages in the majority of cases as a means of more businesslike management and better control of inventories, and the fact that the attainment of these objectives would be seriously impeded if the proviso in question were enacted, I feel that its enactment would not be in the best interest of the Government.

RELEASE OF INACTIVE AND VOLUNTEER RESERVISTS

The committee deleted section 604 (b) of the bill. This provided that no part of any appropriation contained in this act for "Pay and

allowances" of military personnel shall be expended for the pay or allowances, accruing after November 30, 1951, of any member of the Inactive or Volunteer Reserve who served on active duty for 12 months or more in any branch of the Armed Forces during the period beginning December 7, 1941, and ending September 2, 1945, if such member shall have served on active duty for a period of 12 months or more after June 26, 1950, unless such member shall have voluntarily consented to remain on active duty.

In taking this action, the committee, while deeply sympathetic with the objectives motivating the amendment, was impressed by the arguments of the Department of Defense and more particularly those of the Joint Chiefs of Staff who stated that the passage of this section would have extremely serious adverse effects on the combat effectiveness of the armed services. Under these circumstances the committee had no alternative but to delete the provision and thus permit the orderly release of Inactive and Volunteer Reservists in accordance with the present plans of the services.

The committee strongly feels that the plans of the armed services should be coordinated with the provisions of the Universal Military Training Act and that inactive and volunteer reservists of prior war service should be discharged as soon as possible consistent with defense needs. Short of all-out global war the committee does not expect any branch of the armed services to call any more men involuntarily into service who have had 12 months' service during World War II.

COMMISSARY STORES

The purpose of section 628, as amended, is to require the commissary stores of the Department of the Army and the Department of the Air Force to reflect in their commissary stores prices the overhead costs presently reflected in the prices of commissary stores of the Department of the Navy. These include the cost of purchase and maintenance of operating equipment and supplies, the actual or estimated cost of heat, light, power and water and of shrinkage, spoilage and pilferage of merchandise under the control of commissary stores. With respect to these costs it was believed that commissary stores of the three military departments should be on the same basis and that any increase in prices in Army and Air Force stores required to provide sufficient revenue to reimburse the appropriations concerned for such costs was not inequitable to service personnel. This provision is to become effective January 1, 1952, in order to permit the military departments the minimum necessary time required to prepare their regulations for world-wide application.

GRATUITIES TO FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

The committee has noted with concern the disclosure of evidence indicating that officials in the Military Department who could influence the awarding of contracts have received various types of gratuities from contractors or agents of contractors seeking Government business. In an attempt to check this practice, the committee has introduced a new section 631 to the bill which would give the Government certain discretionary power to terminate contracts if the secretary of the department concerned finds that any gratuity has been offered by a contractor, or his representative, to a Federal

employee or officer with a view toward securing a contract or securing favorable treatment with respect to the awarding or amending, or the making of any determinations with respect to the performing of such contract. Penalties are also provided in the new section against the contractor.

It is to be understood that the provisions of this section shall be applicable to contractors or representatives of contractors offering such gratuities after the enactment of this provision into law.

Increases and Limitations

Office of the Secretary of Defense:

Salaries and expenses $650,000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $14,450,000, which is $650,000 over the House allowance, and $350,000 under the budget estimate. The increase will provide for 115 additional average civilian positions or a total of 1,974.

Retired pay:

The committee recommends deletion of the following proviso in the bill:

: *Provided*, That no part of such sum shall be used to pay the retired or retirement pay of any member of the Regular Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Air Force who is retired after the date of enactment of this Act, unless such member was retired because of (1) being unfit to perform the duties of his office, rank, grade, or rating by reason of a physical disability incurred in line of duty, or (2) achieving the age at which retirement is required by law

National Emergency Fund 5,000,000,000

The committee recommends that the following paragraph be added to the bill:

NATIONAL EMERGENCY FUND

For transfer by the Secretary of Defense for urgent Military requirements, after consultation with the Joint Chiefs of Staff and with the approval of the President, to any appropriation for military functions under the Department of Defense, to be expended to expedite the procurement and facility programs of the Department of Defense necessary to provide for an expansion of air power and necessary supporting forces for the United States Air Force and the United States Navy to be merged with and to be available for the same purposes, and for the same time period, as the appropriation to which transferred, $500,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $4,500,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph: Provided, That the limitation on the availability of any appropriation to which transfers are made hereunder is hereby increased by the amount of any such transfers: Provided further, That a report of transfers proposed under this item shall be made to the Appropriations Committees and the Armed Services Committees of the Congress ten days prior to the actual transfer.

Total, Office of the Secretary of Defense 5,000,650,000

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—Continued

Department of the Army:

Finance Service, Army:

Pay of the Army:

The committee recommends that the following provision be added to the bill:

: Provided further, That all payments for accrued leave made to enlisted members, discharged for the purpose of immediate reenlistment for an indefinite period, at Fort Myer, Virginia, during the period April 1, 1949 to September 30, 1949, both dates inclusive, are hereby validated notwithstanding the provisions of section 4 (c) of the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946, as amended by the Act of August 4, 1947 (Public Law 350, 80th Congress): Provided further, That where such erroneous payments of accrued leave have been collected by, or refunded to, the United States, reimbursement thereof shall be effected by the General Accounting Office upon receipt of a claim therefor from the said member or that person or persons entitled to receive the arrears of pay of such member in accordance with the Act of June 30, 1906, as amended, 10 U. S. C. 868: Provided further, That the Comptroller General of the United States is hereby authorized and directed to allow credit in the accounts of disbursing officers for any payments validated hereby

Quartermaster Service, Army:

Clothing and equipage $132, 400, 000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $1,639,081 000, which is an increase of $132,400,000 over the House allowance, and $8,600,000 under the budget estimate. The additional sum will provide $130,000,000 for the purchase of clothing and equipage and $2,400,000 for the pay of personnel.

The committee recommends deletion of the following proviso in the House bill:

: *Provided*, That none of the funds appropriated in this or any other Act, and none of the property procured therewith, shall be available for transfer to any working capital fund under the provisions of section 405 (d) of the National Security Act, as amended.

Incidental expenses of the Army 6, 600, 000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $194,514,000 or an increase of $6,600,000 over the House allowance, and a decrease of $4,400,000 under the budget estimate. The additional sum will provide $4,600,000 for the employment of 1,592 persons in depots, Army areas and overseas commands, and $2,000,000 for activities other than personnel.

The committee also recommends the following provision:

: Provided, That expenditures of appropriations contained in this Act for public informational activities of the Department of Defense shall not exceed $10,950,000 including pay and allowances of military personnel assigned to such activities

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—Continued

Department of the Army—Continued

Transportation Corps:

Transportation Service, Army:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$938,515,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $30,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Signal Corps:

Signal Service of the Army **$4, 224, 000**

The committee recommends an appropriation of $1,217,931,000 which is $4,224,000 over the House allowance and is $25,776,000 under the estimate. The additional sum will permit the restoration of approximately 1,176 man-years required under the House reduction.

The committee also recommends that the sum provided in the bill be separated as follows:

$817,931,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $400,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Medical Service:

Medical and Hospital Department:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$259,580,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $10,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Corps of Engineers:

Engineer Service, Army:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$1,126,049,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $40,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Chemical Corps:

Chemical Service, Army:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$102,560,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $20,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—Continued

Department of the Army—Continued

Departmental salaries:

Secretary of the Army $98,400

The committee recommends an appropriation of $3,723,400, which is the estimate, and exceeds the House allowance by $98,400. The additional sum will permit the employment of personnel needed in the Armed Services Renegotiation Board.

Office of Judge Advocate General 43,000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $743,000, which is an increase of $43,000 over the House allowance, and is $18,000 below the estimate. The additional sum will permit the employment of necessary clerical and other assistance required in the boards of review.

Office of Quartermaster General 250,000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $9,875,000, which is an increase of $250,000 over the House allowance, and is $250,600 under the budget estimate. The additional sum will provide approximately 60 average positions.

Office of Chief of Transportation 224,000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $4,024,000 which is $224,000 over the House allowance, and $300 under the estimate. The additional amount will provide about 60 positions.

Office of Chief of Ordnance 250,000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $6,750,000 which is $250,000 over the House allowance and is $117,000 under the budget estimate. The additional sum will permit the employment of personnel required by the increased workload.

Total, Department of the Army 144,089,400

Department of the Navy:

Construction of Aircraft and related procurement:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$1,050,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $2,950,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Shipbuilding and Conversion, Navy:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$245,040,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $1,098,257,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Ordnance for shipbuilding and conversion:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$75,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $356,390,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—Continued

Department of the Navy—Continued

Public Works, Navy $1, 243, 000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $51,657,000, which is $1,243,000 over the House allowance. The increase recommended by the committee is to be used for construction, installation, or repair of sewage facilities at the naval base, Newport, R. I.

Total, Department of the Navy 1, 243, 000

Department of the Air Force:

Aircraft and related procurement:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$3,215,800,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $8,000,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Major procurement other than aircraft 50, 000, 000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $1,800,000,000 which is the budget estimate and is $50,000,000 over the House allowance. The additional sum will enable the Air Force to fulfill minimum requirements of the 95-wing Air Force.

The committee also recommends that the sum provided in the bill be separated as follows:

$1,000,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $800,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Acquisition and construction of real property 102, 300, 000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $187,300,000, which is $102,300,000 over the House allowance. The additional sum permits the continuance of construction of four classified Air Force installations.

The committee recommends deletion of the following language:

> For an additional amount for "Acquisition and construction of real property", to remain available until expended, $85,000,000, for payment of obligations incurred under authority heretofore granted under this head to enter into contracts.

and that the following language be inserted in lieu thereof:

For the continuation of the construction of four classified projects authorized by Public Law 910, Eighty-first Congress, approved January 6, 1951, and Public Law 43, Eighty-second Congress, approved May 31, 1951, to remain available until expended, $187,300,000 of which $85,000,000 is for liquidation of obligations incurred pursuant to authority heretofore granted under this heading to enter into contracts.

Research and Development:

The committee recommends that the sum provided in the House bill be separated as follows:

$225,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $200,000,000 for expenditure during fiscal year 1953 and the reafterfor the purposes authorized in this paragraph.

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—Continued

Department of the Air Force—Continued

Reserve Personnel Requirements $2, 300, 000

The committee recommends an appropriation of $19,843,000, or an increase of $2,300,000 over the House allowance, and $3,257,000 under the budget estimate. The additional sum will permit the expansion of the Air Force Reserve training program.

The committee also recommends the addition of the following authorization:

or on duty under section 5, National Defense Act, as authorized by law

Total, Department of the Air Force	154, 600, 000
Total increase, all activities	5, 300, 582, 400

General Provisions:

Sec. 604 (b):

The committee recommends deletion of the following language:

(b) No part of any appropriation contained in this Act for "Pay and allowances" of military personnel shall be expended for the pay or allowances, accruing after November 30, 1951, of any member of the inactive or volunteer reserve who served on active duty for a period of twelve months or more in any branch of the Armed Forces during the period beginning December 7, 1941, and ending September 2, 1945, if such member shall have served on active duty for a period of twelve months or more after June 26, 1950, unless such member shall have voluntarily consented to remain on active duty.

Sec. 610:

The committee recommends insertion in the bill of the following language:

Specifically approved by the Secretary of the Department concerned and

so that the amended section will read as follows:

SEC. 610. Appropriations contained in this Act shall be available for insurance of official motor vehicles in foreign countries, when required by laws of such countries; payments in advance of expenses determined by the investigating officer to be necessary and in accord with local custom for conducting investigations in foreign countries incident to matters relating to the activities of the department concerned; reimbursement of General Services Administration for security guard services for protection of confidential files; examination of estimates of appropriations and Department of Defense activities in the field and the use of such appropriations for such purpose shall be subject only to regulation by the standing committees concerned; and all necessary expenses, at the seat of government of the United States of America or elsewhere, in connection with (1) instruction and training, including tuition, *specifically approved by the Secretary of the Department con-*

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—Continued

General Provisions—Continued

Sec. 610—Continued

cerned and not otherwise provided for, of civilian employees, and (2) communication and other services and supplies as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this Act.

Sec. 628:

The committee recommends deletion of the section as contained in the House bill as follows:

SEC. 628. No appropriation contained in this Act shall be available for any direct expense (including commercial transportation in the United States to the place of sale but excluding all transportation outside the United States) in connection with the maintenance, conduct, operation, or management of sales commissaries, or commissary stores, of agencies of the Department of Defense, except where reimbursement for such expenses is to be made to the appropriations concerned from the proceeds of sales therein.

and the insertion in lieu thereof of the following section:

SEC. 628. No appropriation contained in this Act, shall be available on and after January 1, 1952, in connection with the operation of commissary stores of the agencies of the Department of Defense for the cost of purchase and maintenance of operating equipment and supplies and for the actual or estimated cost of utilities as may be furnished by the Government and of shrinkage, spoilage, and pilferage of merchandise under the control of such commissary stores, except as authorized under regulations promulgated by the Secretaries of the military departments concerned, with the approval of the Secretary of Defense, which regulations shall provide for reimbursement therefor to the appropriations concerned and, notwithstanding any other provision of law, shall provide for the adjustment of the sales prices in such commissary stores to the extent necessary to furnish sufficient gross revenue from sales of commissary stores to make such reimbursement: Provided, however, That under such regulations as may be issued pursuant to this section all utilities may be furnished without cost to the commissary stores outside the continental United States and in Alaska.

Sec. 630:

The committee recommends insertion in the bill of the following new section:

SEC. 630. In order more effectively to administer the programs and functions of the Department of Defense, the President, to the extent he deems it necessary and appropriate in the interest of national defense, may authorize within the Office of the Secretary of Defense fifteen temporary positions to be placed in grades GS-17 and GS-18 of the general schedule of the Classification Act of 1949 in accordance with the procedures and standards of that Act. Not more than eight of these positions shall be in grade GS-18. Such positions shall be additional to the number authorized by section 505 of that Act.

INCREASES AND LIMITATIONS—Continued

General Provisions—Continued

Sec. 631:

The committee recommends insertion in the bill of the following new section:

SEC. 631. No part of any money appropriated in titles II, III, IV, or V of this Act shall be expended under any contract (other than a contract for personal services) entered into after the enactment of this Act unless such contract provides—

(1) that the Government may, by written notice to the contractor, terminate the right of such contractor to proceed under such contract if it is found, after notice and hearing, by the Secretary of the military department with which the contract is made, or his designee, that gratuities (in the form of entertainment, gifts, or otherwise) were offered by such contractor, or any agent or representative of such contractor, to any officer or employee of the Government with a view toward securing a contract or securing favorable treatment with respect to the awarding or amending, or the making of any determinations with respect to the performing, of such contract: Provided, That the existence of the facts upon which such Secretary makes such findings shall be in issue and may be reviewed in any competent court.

(2) that in the event any such contract is so terminated the Government shall be entitled, (A) to pursue the same remedies against the contractor as it could pursue in the event of a breach of the contract by the contractor, and (B) as a penalty in addition to any other damages to which it may be entitled by law, to exemplary damages in an amount not less than three nor more than ten times (as determined by the Secretary or his designee) the costs incurred by any such contractor in providing any such gratuities to any such officer or employee.

Sec. 632:

The committee recommends insertion in the bill of the following new section:

SEC. 632. No funds appropriated in titles II, III, IV, and V of this Act shall be used for the payment in excess of 530,000 full-time graded civilian employees at any one time during the current fiscal year.

Decreases and Limitations

Department of the Army:

Ordinance Service and Supplies, Army	$231, 443, 570

The decrease recommended by the committee has the approval of the Ordnance Service and is based upon their current reexamination of fund requirements and subsequent reduction in the number of armored personnel carriers needed.

The committee also recommends that the sum provided in the bill be separated as follows:

$3,332,082,430 for expenditure during fiscal year 1952 and thereafter and $4,743,974,000 for expenditure during fiscal 1953 and thereafter for the purposes authorized in this paragraph

Total decreases	231, 443, 570

Recapitulation

Total increases	5, 300, 582, 400
Total decreases	231, 443, 570
Net increase	5, 069, 138, 830
Amount of bill as passed House	56, 034, 717, 200
Net increase	5, 069, 138, 830
Amount of bill as recommended to Senate	61, 103, 856, 030

The following table summarizes by activities the 1951 appropriations, the 1952 budget estimates, the amounts allowed by the House, and the amounts recommended by the committee:

Activity	Appropriations, 1951	Budget estimates, 1952	Allowed by House, 1952	Recommended by Senate committee, 1952	Increase (+) or decrease (−), Senate bill compared with—		
					Appropriations, 1951	Estimates, 1952	House bill, 1952
National Security Council	$160,000	$160,000	$160,000	$160,000	----------	----------	----------
National Security Resources Board	3,500,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	−$1,900,000	----------	----------
Office of the Secretary of Defense	684,300,000	544,800,000	528,800,000	5,529,450,000	+4,845,150,000	+$4,984,650,000	+$5,000,650,000
Department of the Army	19,264,152,143	20,798,845,700	20,113,524,200	20,026,170,030	+762,017,887	−772,675,670	−87,354,170
Department of the Navy	12,462,074,300	15,737,920,000	15,543,648,000	15,544,891,000	+3,082,816,700	−193,029,000	+1,243,000
Department of the Air Force	15,791,061,000	[1]20,596,300,000	19,846,985,000	20,001,585,000	+4,210,524,000	−594,715,000	[1] +154,600,000
Total	48,205,247,443	57,679,625,700	56,034,717,200	61,103,856,030	+12,898,608,587	+3,424,230,330	+5,069,138,830

[1] Includes $102,300,000 contained in H. Doc. No. 185 and not yet considered by House.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF APPROPRIATIONS FOR 1951, ESTIMATES FOR 1952, AND AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED IN THE BILL FOR 1952—DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE APPROPRIATION BILL, 1952

TITLE I—INDEPENDENT AGENCIES

Item	Appropriations, 1951 (adjusted)	Budget estimates, 1952	Recommended in House bill for 1952	Amount recommended by Senate committee	Increase (+) or decrease (−), Senate bill compared with—		
					Appropriations, 1951	Estimates, 1952	House bill
NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL							
Salaries and expenses	$160,000	$160,000	$160,000	$160,000			
NATIONAL SECURITY RESOURCES BOARD							
Salaries and expenses	3,500,000	[1] 1,600,000	1,600,000	1,600,000	−$1,900,000		
Total, title I—Independent agencies	3,660,000	1,760,000	1,760,000	1,760,000	−1,900,000		

TITLE II—OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE							
Salaries and expenses	$12,300,000	$14,800,000	$13,800,000	$14,450,000	+$2,150,000	−$350,000	+$650,000
Claims	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000			
Retired pay	342,000,000	360,000,000	345,000,000	345,000,000	+3,000,000	−15,000,000	
Contingencies	85,000,000	75,000,000	75,000,000	75,000,000	−10,000,000		
Emergency fund	240,000,000	90,000,000	90,000,000	90,000,000	−150,000,000		
National emergency fund				5,000,000,000	+5,000,000,000	+5,000,000,000	+5,000,000,000
Total, title II—Office of the Secretary of Defense	684,300,000	544,800,000	528,800,000	5,529,450,000	+4,845,150,000	+4,984,650,000	+5,000,650,000

[1] Original estimate of $4,000,000 reduced $2,400,000 in H. Doc. No. 194.

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY							
Contingencies of the Army	$80,978,000	$88,055,000	$88,000,000	$88,000,000	+$7,022,000	−$55,000	
Civilian relief in Korea	50,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000	50,000,000			
Expediting production	1,100,000,000	1,100,000,000	1,000,000,000	1,000,000,000	−100,000,000	−100,000,000	
National Board for Promotion of Rifle Practice	160,000	130,000	130,000	130,000	−30,000		
Total, Office of the Secretary of Army	1,231,138,000	1,238,185,000	1,138,130,000	1,138,130,000	−93,008,000	−100,055,000	
GENERAL STAFF CORPS							
Special field exercises	5,350,000	16,000,000	16,000,000	16,000,000	+10,650,000		
Inter-American relations	432,000	388,000	388,000	388,000	−44,000		
Total, General Staff Corps	5,782,000	16,388,000	16,388,000	16,388,000	+10,606,000		
FINANCE CORPS							
Pay of the Army	2,443,100,000	3,308,425,000	3,297,076,000	3,297,076,000	+853,976,000	−11,349,000	
Travel of the Army	177,000,000	254,000,000	245,000,000	245,000,000	+68,000,000	−9,000,000	
Finance service employees	40,030,000	48,423,000	48,423,000	48,423,000	+8,393,000		
Total, Finance Department	2,660,130,000	3,610,848,000	3,590,499,000	3,590,499,000	+930,369,000	−20,349,000	
QUARTERMASTER CORPS							
Welfare of enlisted men	18,926,500	20,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	+1,073,500		
Subsistence of the Army	912,293,000	603,309,000	603,309,000	603,309,000	−308,984,000		
Regular supplies of the Army	489,108,258	485,351,000	465,000,000	465,000,000	−24,108,258	−20,351,000	
Clothing and equipage	1,697,367,365	[2] 1,647,681,000	1,506,681,000	1,639,081,000	−58,286,365	−8,600,000	+$132,400,000
Incidental expenses of the Army	172,235,313	198,914,000	187,914,000	194,514,000	+22,278,687	−4,400,000	+6,600,000
Total, Quartermaster Corps	3,289,930,436	2,955,255,000	2,782,904,000	2,921,904,000	−368,026,436	−33,351,000	+139,000,000
TRANSPORTATION CORPS							
Transportation service, Army	1,076,963,000	978,515,000	968,515,000	968,515,000	−108,448,000	−10,000,000	

[2] Includes $1,130,000 for stockpiling.

Comparative statement of appropriations for 1951, estimates for 1952, and amounts recommended in the bill for 1952—Department of Defense appropriation bill, 1952—Continued

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—Continued

Item	Appropriations, 1951 (adjusted)	Budget estimates, 1952	Recommended in House bill for 1952	Amount recommended by Senate committee	Increase (+) or decrease (−), Senate bill compared with—		
					Appropriations, 1951	Estimates, 1952	House bill
SIGNAL CORPS							
Signal service of the Army	$1,147,331,000	$1,243,707,000	$1,213,707,000	$1,217,931,000	+$70,600,000	−$25,776,000	+$4,224,000
Alaska communication system:							
Operation and maintenance	4,187,000	4,176,000	4,176,000	4,176,000	−11,000		
Construction	1,140,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,400,000	+260,000		
Total, Signal Corps	1,152,658,000	1,249,283,000	1,219,283,000	1,223,507,000	+70,849,000	−25,776,000	+4,224,000
MEDICAL SERVICE							
Medical and Hospital Department	174,563,000	272,059,000	269,580,000	269,580,000	+95,017,000	−2,479,000	
CORPS OF ENGINEERS							
Engineer service	1,538,154,500	1,201,049,000	1,166,049,000	1,166,049,000	−372,105,500	−35,000,000	
Military construction	499,970,585	48,363,700	48,363,700	48,363,700	−451,606,885		
Total, Corps of Engineers	2,038,125,085	1,249,412,700	1,214,412,700	1,214,412,700	−823,712,385	−35,000,000	
ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT							
Ordnance service and supplies	6,987,636,000	8,616,011,000	8,307,500,000	8,076,056,430	+1,088,420,430	−539,954,570	−231,443,570
CHEMICAL CORPS							
Chemical service	120,253,000	122,560,000	122,560,000	122,560,000	+2,307,000		
ARMY TRAINING							
Army training	14,097,000	22,500,000	22,300,000	22,300,000	+8,203,000	−200,000	

UNITED STATES MILITARY ACADEMY							
Maintenance and operation	5,385,000	6,305,000	6,305,000	6,305,000	+920,000		
CIVILIAN COMPONENTS							
Army National Guard	256,248,000	203,002,000	202,982,000	202,982,000	−53,266,000	−20,000	
Organized Reserves	131,931,000	106,536,000	104,810,000	104,810,000	−27,121,000	−1,726,000	
Army Reserve Officers' Training Corps	33,900,000	27,236,000	27,141,000	27,141,000	−6,759,000	−95,000	
Military construction		24,000,000	24,000,000	24,000,000	+24,000,000		
Total, civilian components	422,079,000	360,774,000	358,933,000	358,933,000	−63,146,000	−1,841,000	
SALARIES							
Secretary of the Army	3,531,408	3,723,400	3,625,000	3,723,400	+191,992		+98,400
Chief of Staff	7,969,166	10,550,500	9,500,000	9,500,000	+1,530,834	−1,050,500	
Adjutant General's Office	13,842,059	17,473,200	16,500,000	16,500,000	+2,657,941	−973,200	
Inspector General	224,182	259,000	259,000	259,000	+34,818		
Judge Advocate General	668,212	761,000	700,000	743,000	+74,788	−18,000	+43,000
Chief of Finance	1,655,306	1,540,500	1,540,500	1,540,500	−114,806		
Quartermaster General	8,997,860	10,125,600	9,625,000	9,875,000	+877,140	−250,600	+250,000
Chief of Transportation	3,459,373	4,024,300	3,800,000	4,024,000	+564,627	−300	+224,000
Chief Signal Officer	3,151,840	3,871,700	3,750,000	3,750,000	+598,160	−121,700	
Chief of Special Services	58,636	(3)			−58,636		
Provost Marshal General	175,176	245,000	245,000	245,000	+69,824		
Surgeon General	2,916,882	3,227,600	3,100,000	3,100,000	+183,118	−127,600	
Chief of Engineers	4,516,319	5,637,600	5,400,000	5,400,000	+883,681	−237,600	
Chief of Ordnance	5,455,516	6,867,000	6,500,000	6,750,000	+1,294,484	−117,000	+250,000

[3] Activities transferred to the Adjutant General's Office.

Comparative statement of appropriations for 1951, estimates for 1952, and amounts recommended in the bill for 1952—Department of Defense appropriation bill, 1952—Continued

TITLE III—DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY—Continued

Item	Appropriations, 1951 (adjusted)	Budget estimates, 1952	Recommended in House bill for 1952	Amount recommended by Senate committee	Increase (+) or decrease (−), Senate bill compared with—		
					Appropriations, 1951	Estimates, 1952	House bill
SALARIES—continued							
Chief of Chemical Corps	$1,111,957	$1,523,600	$1,500,000	$1,500,000	+$388,043	−$23,600	
Chief of Chaplains	147,730	170,000	170,000	170,000	+22,270		
Total, salaries	57,881,622	70,000,000	66,214,500	67,079,900	+9,198,278	−2,920,100	+$865,400
Contingent expenses	27,531,000	30,750,000	30,000,000	30,000,000	+2,469,000	−750,000	
Total, title III—Department of the Army, general	19,264,152,143	20,798,845,700	20,113,524,200	20,026,170,030	+762,017,887	−772,675,670	−87,354,170
Special accounts:							
Secretary of the Army:							
Replacement of personal property sold	1,785,757	1,250,300	1,250,300	1,250,300	−535,457		
Preparation for sale or salvage of military property	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000			
Total, Secretary of the Army	11,785,757	11,250,300	11,250,300	11,250,300	−535,457		
Corps of Engineers: Defense production guaranties	50,000	800,000	800,000	800,000	+750,000		
Finance Department: Expenses and losses, financing war contracts	1,806	165	165	165	−1,641		
Total, special accounts, Department of the Army	11,837,563	12,050,465	12,050,465	12,050,465	+212,902		
Total, title III, Department of the Army, general and special appropriations	19,275,989,706	20,810,896,165	20,125,574,665	20,038,220,495	+762,230,789	−772,675,670	−87,354,170

TITLE IV—DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

Military personnel:							
Navy	$1,825,073,000	$2,463,365,000	$2,456,475,000	$2,456,475,000	+$631,402,000	−$6,890,000	
Naval Reserve	57,137,000	62,718,000	62,718,000	62,718,000	+5,581,000		
Officer candidates	18,899,300	19,807,000	19,348,000	19,348,000	+448,700	−459,000	
Navy personnel, general expenses	121,850,000	97,970,000	97,570,000	97,570,000	−24,280,000	−400,000	
Military personnel, Marine Corps	476,158,000	565,459,000	565,459,000	565,459,000	+89,301,000		
Military personnel, Marine Corps Reserve	7,439,000	15,145,000	15,145,000	15,145,000	+7,706,000		
Marine Corps, troops and facilities	611,127,000	1,052,970,000	1,018,120,000	1,018,120,000	+406,993,000	−34,850,000	
Aircraft and facilities	902,693,000	925,393,000	923,393,000	923,393,000	+20,700,000	−2,000,000	
Construction of aircraft and related procurement	2,880,629,000	[4] 4,022,476,000	4,000,000,000	4,000,000,000	+1,119,371,000	−22,476,000	
Ships and facilities	1,553,978,000	[5] 1,605,424,000	1,537,452,000	1,537,452,000	−16,526,000	−67,972,000	
Construction of ships	747,200,000	77,353,000	77,353,000	77,353,000	−669,847,000		
Shipbuilding and conversion		1,343,297,000	1,343,297,000	1,343,297,000	+1,343,297,000		
Ordnance and facilities	1,440,451,000	[6] 1,347,668,000	1,335,668,000	1,335,668,000	−104,783,000	−12,000,000	
Ordnance for new construction	105,800,000	52,445,000	52,445,000	52,445,000	−53,355,000		
Ordnance for shipbuilding and conversion		431,390,000	431,390,000	431,390,000	+431,390,000		
Increase and replacement of naval vessels:							
Construction and machinery	83,800,000	45,000,000	45,000,000	45,000,000	−38,800,000		
Armor, armament, and ammunition	47,400,000	12,656,000	12,656,000	12,656,000	−34,744,000		
Medical care	127,138,000	136,545,000	135,770,000	135,770,000	+8,632,000	−775,000	
Civil engineering	154,457,000	203,488,000	196,488,000	196,488,000	+42,031,000	−7,000,000	
Public works (new)	469,784,000	50,414,000	50,414,000	51,657,000	−418,127,000	+1,243,000	+$1,243,000
Research	75,168,000	69,698,000	69,698,000	69,698,000	−5,470,000		

[4] Includes $23,000,000 to be transferred to "Facilities."
[5] Includes $21,145,000 to be transferred to "Facilities."
[6] Includes $38,510,000 to be transferred to "Facilities."

Comparative statement of appropriations for 1951, estimates for 1952, and amounts recommended in the bill for 1952—Department of Defense appropriation bill, 1952—Continued

TITLE IV—DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY—Continued

Item	Appropriations, 1951 (adjusted)	Budget estimates, 1952	Recommended in House bill for 1952	Amount recommended by Senate committee	Increase (+) or decrease (−), Senate bill compared with—		
					Appropriations, 1951	Estimates, 1952	House bill
Service-wide supply and finance	$412,290,000	$497,602,000	$485,102,000	$485,102,000	+$72,812,000	−$12,500,000	
Service-wide operations	183,478,000	152,729,000	150,779,000	150,779,000	−32,699,000	−1,950,000	
Island governments	2,125,000				−2,125,000		
Operation and conservation of naval petroleum reserves	4,000,000	11,908,000	11,908,000	11,908,000	+7,908,000		
Naval Petroleum Reserve No. 4, Alaska	11,000,000				−11,000,000		
Navy stock fund	143,000,000	475,000,000	450,000,000	450,000,000	+307,000,000	−25,000,000	
Total, title IV—Department of the Navy, general	12,462,074,300	15,737,920,000	15,543,648,000	15,544,891,000	+3,082,816,700	−193,029,000	+$1,243,000
Special accounts, Department of the Navy:							
Preparation for sale or salvage of military property	1,792,500	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	+2,207,500		
Defense production guaranties	400,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	+1,600,000		
Laundry service, Naval Academy	415,241	445,225	445,225	445,225	+29,984		
Preservation, cataloging, etc. of stocks	4,597,155				−4,597,155		
Replacement of personal property sold	3,700,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	−1,700,000		
Preservation of frigate *Constellation*		50,000	50,000	50,000	+50,000		
Total, special account, Department of the Navy	10,904,896	8,495,225	8,495,225	8,495,225	−2,409,671		
Total, title IV—General and special accounts, Department of the Navy	12,472,979,196	15,746,415,225	15,552,143,225	15,553,386,225	+3,080,407,029	−193,029,000	+1,243,000

TITLE V—DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE

Aircraft and related procurement	$7,292,000,000	$11,717,000,000	$11,215,800,000	$11,215,800,000	+$3,923,800,000	−$501,200,000	
Major procurement other than aircraft	1,610,007,000	1,800,000,000	1,750,000,000	1,800,000,000	+189,993,000		+$50,000,000
Acquisition and construction of real property	1,448,148,000	[7] 187,300,000	85,000,000	187,300,000	−1,260,848,000		+102,300,000
Maintenance and operations	3,024,218,000	3,238,700,000	3,208,442,000	3,208,442,000	+184,224,000	−30,258,000	
Military personnel requirement	1,935,500,000	3,076,700,000	3,016,700,000	3,016,700,000	+1,081,200,000	−60,000,000	
Research and development	297,611,000	425,000,000	425,000,000	425,000,000	+127,389,000		
Reserve personnel requirements	39,818,000	23,100,000	17,543,000	19,843,000	−19,975,000	−3,257,000	+2,300,000
Air National Guard	103,935,000	87,900,000	87,900,000	87,900,000	−16,035,000		
Contingencies	39,824,000	40,600,000	40,600,000	40,600,000	+776,000		
Total, title V—Department of the Air Force, general	15,791,061,000	20,596,300,000	19,846,985,000	20,001,585,000	+4,210,524,000	−594,715,000	+154,600,000
Special accounts:							
Defense production guaranties	30,000	135,000	135,000	135,000	+105,000		
Preparation for sale or salvage of military property	4,900,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	−1,900,000		
Replacement of personal property sold	6,395,022	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	−2,395,022		
Wildlife conservation, etc., Eglin Field Reservation	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000			
Total, Department of the Air Force, special account	11,333,022	7,143,000	7,143,000	7,143,000	−4,190,022		
Total, title V Department of the Air Force, general and special accounts	15,802,394,022	20,603,443,000	19,854,128,000	20,008,728,000	+4,206,333,978	−594,715,000	+154,600,000
Total, regular annual appropriations, titles I, II, III, IV, V	48,205,247,443	57,679,625,700	56,034,717,200	61,103,856,030	+12,898,608,587	+3,424,230,330	+5,069,138,830
Total, general and special appropriations, titles I, II, III, IV, V	48,239,322,924	57,707,314,390	56,062,405,890	61,131,544,720	+12,892,221,796	+3,424,230,330	+5,069,138,830

[7] Includes $102,300,000 contained in H. Doc. 185 and not yet considered by House.

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